RESEARCH ARTICLE | OCTOBER 21 2011

Self-neutralized ion beam ≒

M. C. Salvadori; F. S. Teixeira; A. Nikolaev; K. P. Savkin; E. M. Oks; P. Spädtke; K. M. Yu; I. G. Brown



+ Author & Article Information

Journal of Applied Physics 110, 083308 (2011)

https://doi.org/10.1063/1.3638714

Article history ©

A vacuum arc ion source provides high current beams of metal ions that have been used both for accelerator injection and for ion implantation, and in both of these applications the degree of space charge neutralization of the beam is important. In accelerator injection application, the beam from the ion source may be accelerated further (post-acceleration), redirected by a bending magnet(s), or focused with magnetic or electrostatic lenses, and knowledge of the beam space charge is needed

for optimal design of the optical elements. In ion implantation application, any build-up of positive charge in the insulating targets must be compensated by a simultaneous flux of cold electrons so as to provide overall charge neutrality of the target. We show that in line-ofsight ion implantation using a vacuum arc ion source, the high current ion beam carries along its own background sea of cold electrons, and this copious source of electrons provides a "self-neutralizing" feature to the beam. Here we describe experiments carried out in order to demonstrate this effect, and we provide an analysis showing that the beam is space-chargeneutralized to a very high degree

Topics

Vacuum arcs, Focused ion
beam, Ion implantation, Ion
source, Leptons, Ions and
properties, Transition
metals, Charge
compensation, Depth

<u>profiling techniques</u>, <u>Charge</u> <u>exchange reactions</u>

© 2011 American Institute of Physics.

You do not currently have access to this content.

Sign in

Don't already have an account? Register

Sign In

Username	
Password	
I'm not a robot	
	reCAPTCHA Privacy - Terms

Register

Reset password

Sign in via your Institution

Sign in via your Institution

Pay-Per-View Access \$40.00

BUY THIS ARTICLE